

WOAH standards to guide management of aquatic animal health

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Overview

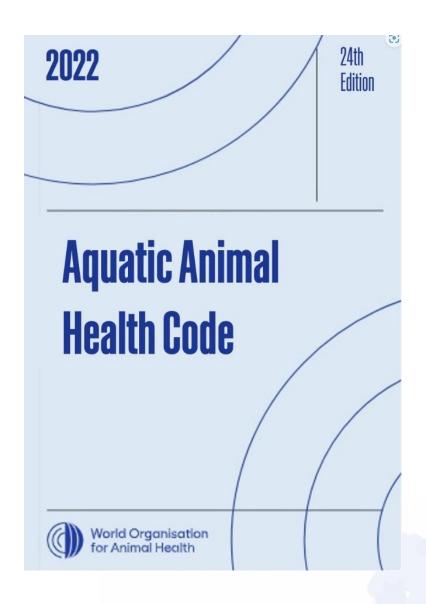
- 1. The WOAH aquatic standards
- 2. Development of the standards
- 3. Key activities
- 4. Conclusions



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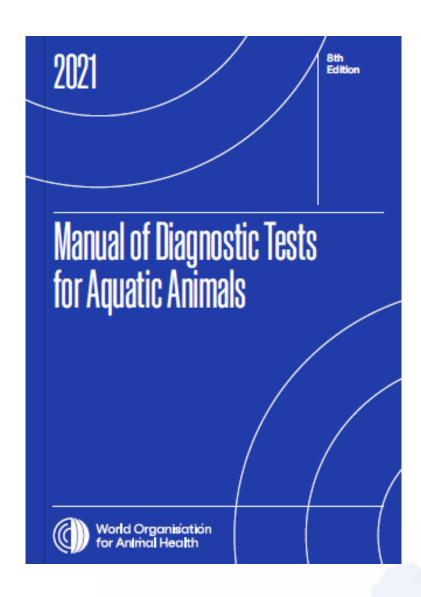
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WOAH Aquatic Code

- > Provides standards for safe trade
- A harmonized approach to sanitary measures
- General provisions (e.g. notifications, risk analysis, quality of AAHS, disease prevention, trade, AMU, welfare)
- Disease-specific provisions (hosts, safe commodities, dec of freedom, recs for trade of commodities)



WOAH Aquatic Manual

- Provides standards for diagnosis
- General provisions (e.g. quality management for labs, principles and methods of validation)
- Disease-specific provisions (e.g. disease information, host factors, epidemiology, specimen collection, diagnostic methods, recs for purpose of use, case definitions)

Why are the standards important?

- > Higher aquaculture and fisheries production than ever
 - In 1950, **19 mt**; in 2022, **185 mt**
- > Aquaculture production is a growing proportion
 - In 1950, 4% of total; in 2022, 50% of total
- > Very high proportion of production is traded internationally
 - 60 mt traded internationally; ~ 32% of total production
- > Diseases are one of the greatest threats

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Development of aquatic standards

- Purpose of the standards
- WOAH Aquatic Strategy projects
- Commission workplan

Purpose of the aquatic standards

- improvement of aquatic animal health and welfare worldwide
- used by Members for disease prevention, early detection, reporting and control
- ensure the safety of international trade in aquatic animals and aquatic animal products, while avoiding unjustified sanitary barriers.

WOAH Aquatic Strategy

Objective 1 Standards

- 1.1. Develop new OIE standards
- 1.2. Revise existing *Aquatic Code* standards
- 1.3. Review scientific basis of existing aquatic animal welfare standards
- 1.4. Revise existing *Aquatic Manual* standards
- 1.5. Identify barriers to the implementation of standards
- 1.6. Increase the accessibility of standards

Objective 2 Capacity building

2.1. Support the implementation of standards

OIE Aquatic Animal Health Strategy 2021-2025





Commission workplan Prioritisation criteria

- ✓ Within the remit of the Commission
- ✓ Aligned with WOAH strategies or conference recommendations
- ✓ Supported or requested by Members, WOAH DG
- ✓ Task is defined and achievable within available resources and timeframes.
- ✓ High importance to quality of the standards
- ✓ 'Return on investment', impact for Members (broadly) is worth the investment of resources
- ✓ Meets ongoing commitments

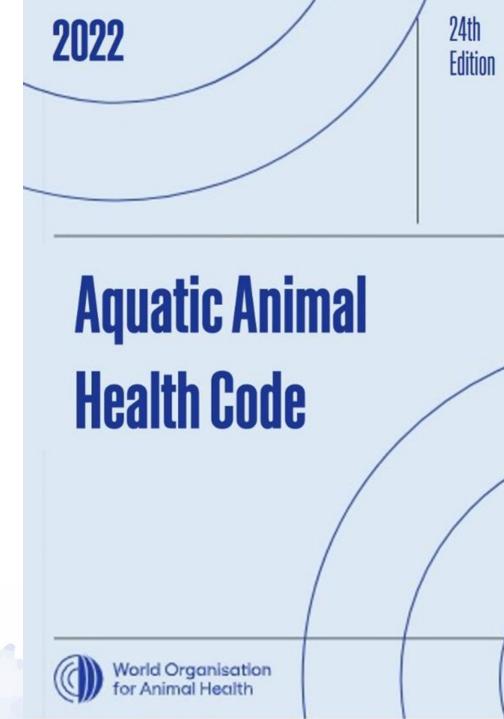
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Key activities – Aquatic Code

- Listing of the virus ISKNV
- Compartmentalisation
- Trade in milt and fertilised eggs of fish
- Trade of ornamental aquatic animals
- Disease preparedness and outbreak response



Listing of the species ISKNV

Issues:

- Three genogroups exist but only one listed
- All three genogroups meet listing criteria
- All three have overlapping susceptible species and epidemiology
- Assessment against listing criteria provided

Compartmentalisation (discussion paper)

Purpose:

Describe the requirements for establishing a free compartment.

Issues:

- Discussion paper developed on revision of existing Chapter 4.3
- Flexibility of different risk management approaches e.g.:
 - dependent compartments
 - independent compartments.

Trade in milt and fertilized eggs of fish (new chapter)

Purpose:

 Recommendations for trade of milt and fertilized eggs of fish for aquaculture (from places not declared free)

Scope:

- Measures to reduce the risk of transfer via eggs and milt, including:
 - establishing the health status at place of origin of the broodstock
 - conditions for collection and incubations centres
 - health certification for milt and fertilized eggs of fish.

Ornamental aquatic animals (new chapter)

Purpose:

 Address risks of disease transmission via the movement of ornamental aquatic animals

Scope:

- Aquatic animals intended for display, exhibition, competition or use as pets
- Guidance on eligibility of species; application of risk analysis; options for risk mitigation pre-border, border, and post border; welfare

Preparedness and outbreak response (two new chapters)

Purpose:

- 4.X. Describe essential elements of an emergency disease preparedness framework
- 4.Y. Actions to activate emergency response to suspicion or confirmation

Continue revision of manual chapters into new template

- Crustacean chapters 6 of 10 completed (Sep report - Intro, CP, WTD, YHV1)
- Fish chapters 10 of 11 completed (RSIV pending)
- Mollusc chapters 0 of 8 completed
 (Sep report Intro, AbHV, M. refringens)
- Amphibian chapters 0 of 4 completed

2021

8th Edition

Manual of Diagnostic Tests for Aquatic Animals



Conclusions

- WOAH aquatic standards represent an agreed approach to improve aquatic animal health globally
- Provide a harmonised approach to manage the risks of disease spread associated with trade
- Must continue to evolve as the aquaculture industry evolves and new scientific information becomes available
- ➤ Their development takes time so we need to anticipate future needs.

THANK YOU

