



Food and Agriculture
Organization of the
United Nations

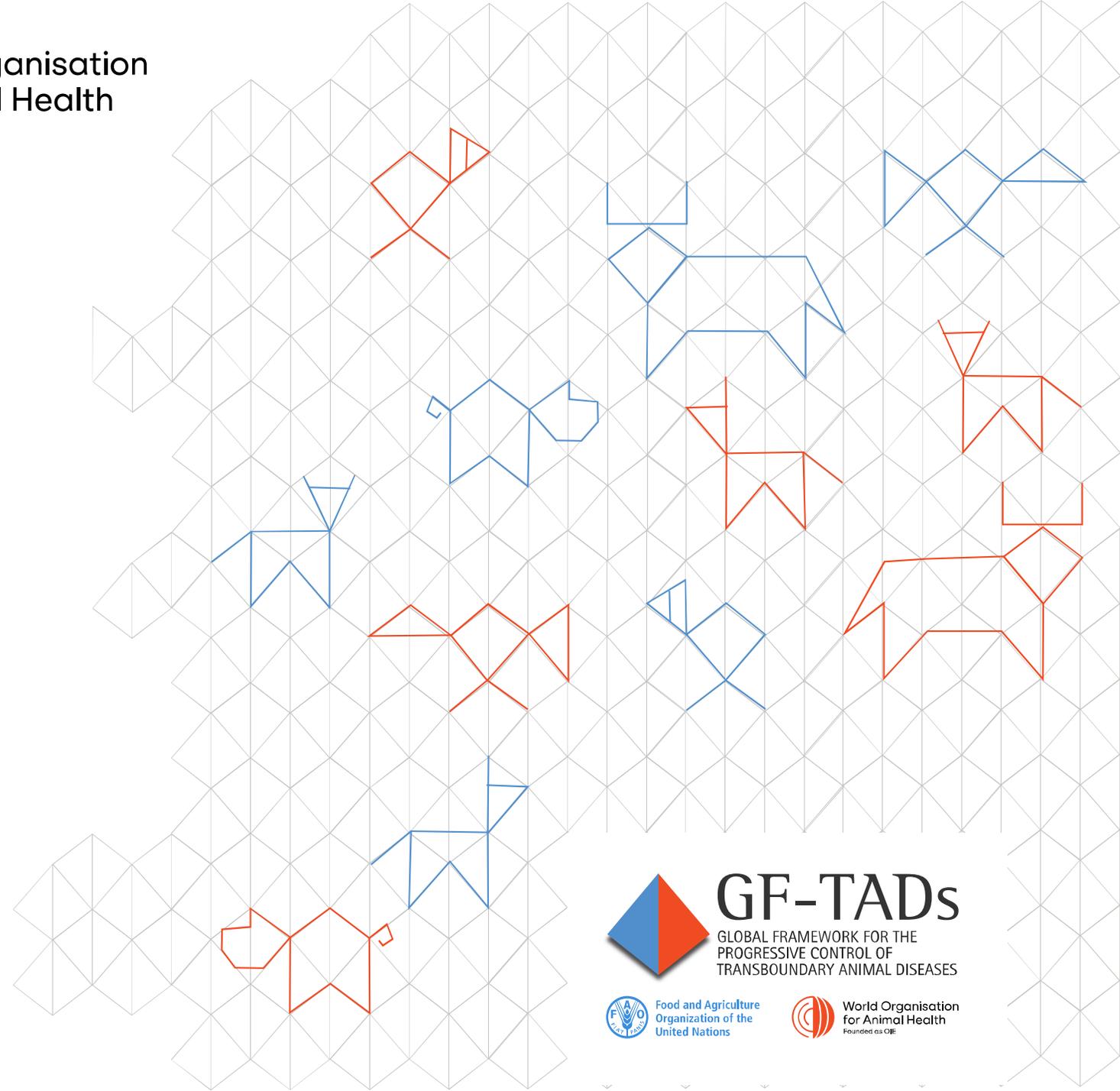


World Organisation
for Animal Health
Founded as OIE

Regional GF-TADs Activities and Recommendations

9th GF-TADs meeting

DR. Ibrahim Qasim
Chair of the regional GF-TADs steering committee



GF-TADs

GLOBAL FRAMEWORK FOR THE
PROGRESSIVE CONTROL OF
TRANSBOUNDARY ANIMAL DISEASES



Food and Agriculture
Organization of the
United Nations



World Organisation
for Animal Health
Founded as OIE



Food and Agriculture
Organization of the
United Nations



World Organisation
for Animal Health
Founded as OIE



Regional GF-TADs Activities and Recommendations

DR. Ibrahim Qasim
Chair of the regional GF-TADs steering committee





GF-TADs
GLOBAL FRAMEWORK FOR THE
PROGRESSIVE CONTROL OF
TRANSBOUNDARY ANIMAL DISEASES




Facilitate

Facilitate collaboration
Maximize synergies
among the countries,
organisations and
stakeholders in the
region
Good visibility of
actions and avoid
overlapping of
activities.

Prevent

Prevent the occurrence
and reduce potential
impact of animal
disease events on
animal production,
animal health, human
health, livelihoods and
economies in the
region.

Promote

Promote adequate
governance of
Veterinary Services in
accordance with OIE
standards through
capacity building
programmes at
national and regional
levels

Ensure

Ensure the appropriate
auditing of the plan
efficacy and evaluation
of expected results

Main activities

Facilitate regional and cross-border collaboration in the field of control of animal health and trade requirements, including networking activities.

Raising awareness and improve knowledge and sharing of information/data;

Improve reporting and outreach communication on activities carried out by the different partners.

Provide technical guidance to improve disease prevention, surveillance, early detection, notification and rapid response systems.

Improve diagnostic laboratory capacity and performance at national level and support the establishment / reinforcement of national and regional reference laboratories, including laboratory networks.

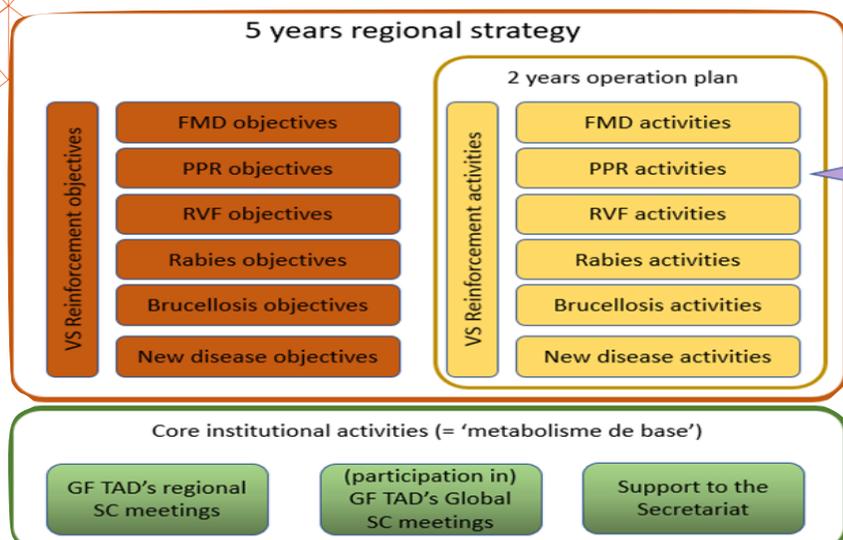
Specific activities

FMD and PPR: Sub region, Countries or zones, be at least on stage 3 of the FMD PCP Roadmap and the PPR PMAT within the next 5 years, and the relevant Epi/lab networks established.

RVF: Assessment and mapping of RVF status. Establishment of an active EWS for the prevention and prediction of RVFV activity. Improvement of laboratory competency for the diagnosis of RVF, and implementation of OIE standards for RVF by trading partners.

Rabies: Reduction of human deaths from dog mediated rabies in the next 5 years, and potential submission to the OIE of the official control program in the next 3 years.

The OIE/FAO GF-TADs Steering committee in the Middle East



Activities Contributing to the GF TADs for the Middle East

2020 – 2021: Collaboration (FAO, OIE, AOAD, EUFMD)
Technical activities were conducted to:

- A- Level up the knowledge and coordination at a technical level,
- B- Support addressing certain activities at sub-regional levels,
- C- Recognizes the importance to work with the private sector
- D- Regularly reviewed the priority TADs for the region.

5th GF-TADs FMD Roadmap Meeting for Middle East, provisional roadmap 2021-2026

Countries	Validated Stages										Expected Stages (not validated)				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Bahrain	1	2	2	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2	2	2	3	3	3
Egypt	1	1	2*	2*	2*	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	4	4
Iraq	2	2	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2	3*
Jordan	1	1	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2	2	3	3	3
Kuwait	2	2	3	3*	3*	3*	3*	3*	3*	3*	3	3	3	3	3
Lebanon	1	1	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2	2	3	3	3
Libya										1*	1	2	2	2	3
Oman	2	2	2*							2*	-	-	-	-	-
Palestine			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3
Qatar	2	2	3*	3*						3*	3	3	4	4	OIE
Saudi Arabia	1	1	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2	3	3	3	4
Syria ¹	2	2	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*		-	-	-	-	-
UAE	1	1	2	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2*	2	3	3	3	4
Yemen	1	1	1*							0	1	1	2	2	3



- 1- Progress in stages
- 2- Review of RBSP
- 3- Commitment to advance and concrete recommendations

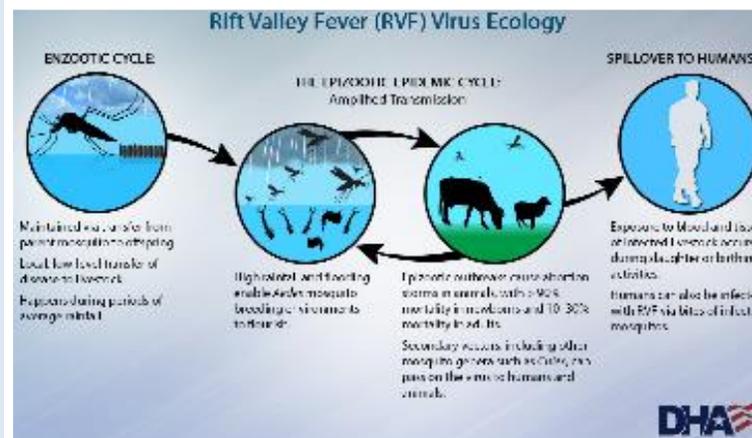
Other activities : PPR, Vector-Borne Diseases & Rabies

PPR



- Review progress in stages in April 2021
- Follow up at the subregional level (GCC + Yemen) in March 2022

Vector Borne Disease



- Plan for prevention and prediction, impact on trade
- Training organized by AOAD with EU-FMD support in June 2020

Rabies



- Dog Mediated Human Rabies Plan

Action and challenges



- ▶ **Technical background of countries updated.**
- ▶ **Information sharing on ongoing activities across countries resumes.**



- ▶ **Networks (Epi-Lab networks) under reactivation**



- ▶ **Measures to enforce implementation of standards for safer trade.**
- ▶ **Lack of funds for the purchase or production of appropriate vaccines and diagnostic kits.**
- ▶ **Need for capacity building mainly on risk assessment and monitoring.**
- ▶ **More political commitment in particular to obtain sustainable financing.**
- ▶ **More engagement of stakeholders from private sector.**

2021 activities

- Activities conducted in 2021:
 - Workshop on PPR assessment in countries covered by the AOAD third phase of the TADs program 24-25-March 2021
 - ME RSC Workshop on PPR PMAT progress 31/3/21- 1/4/21
 - Workshop on FMD assessment in countries covered by the AOAD third phase of the TADs program, 7.-9.June.21
 - 5th virtual GF-TADs Foot-and-Mouth Disease roadmap meeting for the Middle East, combined with Epi and Lab networks meeting, 06.-09.12. 21.
 - Participation of the GF TADs Chair in several global and regional events.
 - Regular communication with countries and organizations to develop joint activities.
 - Improve involvement of the RSC

2022 Provisional activities



Preparation of the 9th regional committee of GF TADs



Consultative meeting on FMD follow up (25/7/22)



Consultative meeting on PPR. (26/7/22)



World Rabies day; Dog mediated human rabies elimination (Sep)



Regional seminar on HPAI(Dec 22)



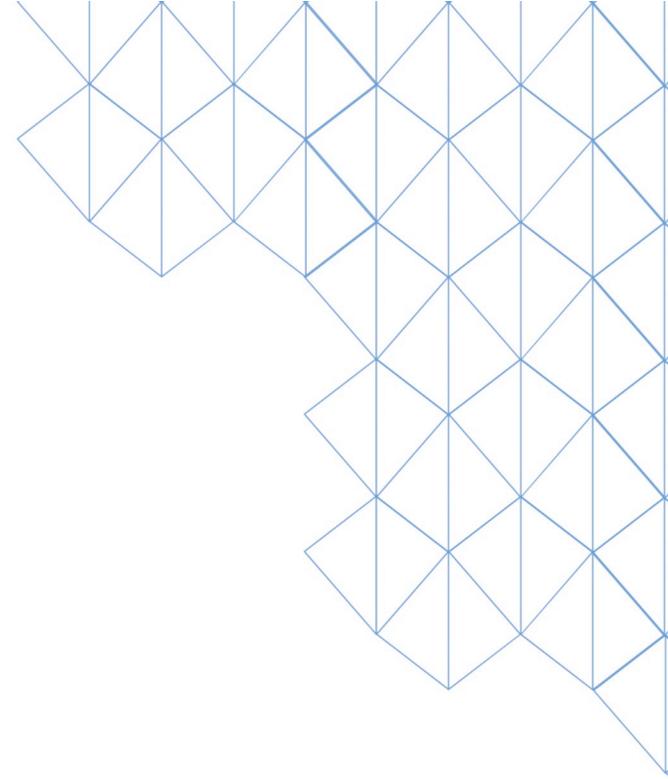
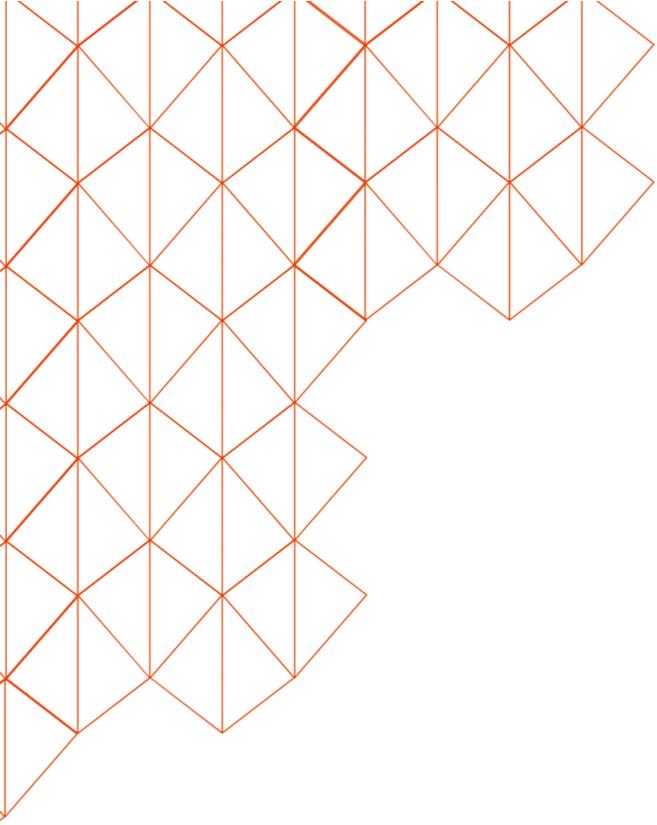
10th regional steering committee meeting. (Dec 22).



Joint meetings with other Ios on TADs surveillance

Conclusion and recommendations

- Tackling diseases at the animal source remains the most efficient and cost-effective way of dealing with zoonotic threats and high impact disease.
- Support from global level to specifically focuses on capacity development and advocating regional needs.
- The One Health approach be reinforced and used to benefit the control of TADs.
- The GF-TADs resource mobilization strategy be developed using a programmatic approach targeting cross-cutting, national needs.
- Stronger involvement of the private sector in GF-TADs should be promoted.



Thanks